Session 5 Data Aggregation, Analysis, and Indicators

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CPMM Methodology Recommendations

1. Indicators (Session 5)

- 2. Sampling (Session 2)
- 3. Data collection (Session 3)

4. Data aggregation (Session 5

5. Dissemination of CPMM data and findings (Session 8)

Active CPMM Partners

Association	Country
Association of Afghanistan Freight Forwarding Companies (AAFFCO)	Afghanistan
Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region Logistics Association (XULA)	People's Republic of China
Georgia International Road Carriers Association (GIRCA)	Georgia
Mongolia Logistics Associations (MLA)	Mongolia
Pakistan International Freight Forwarders Association (PIFFA)	Pakistan
Association of Road Transport Operators of Republic of Tajikistan (ABBAT)	Tajikistan
Association of International Road Carriers of Uzbekistan (AIRCUZ)	Uzbekistan

Sampling and Weights

BIG QUESTIONS:

How is the sample determined? Is it representative of trade in CAREC? Does it change from year to year?

IDEAL SCENARIO:

Complete and comprehensive regional cross-border trade flow data is available to influence sample and assign weights.

- The lack of a complete and comprehensive regional cross-border trade flow, which is the ideal basis to assess the representativeness of the sample, limits the estimation and assignment of weights.
- The current methodology assigns no fixed weights from one sample to another. The data is assumed to represent the trade flow each year.

Sampling and Weights

IDEAL SCENARIO:

Updated, complete and comprehensive regional cross-border trade flow data is available to influence sample and assign weights.

Includes border-level export, import, and transit statistics.



AADT = annual average daily traffic, CAREC = Central Asia Regional Economic Cooperation. Source: TERA International Group.

Data Aggregation

Does CPMM need country-level estimates? How about corridor-level?

	Aggregation level	TFI1	TFI2	TFI3	TFI4	SWOD			
\checkmark	BCPs	For the inbound, out shipments in the sar	bound and all nple	Not applicable					
×	CAREC corridors and corridor sections	For all shipments in	the sample						
	CAREC countries	For the inbound, outbound and all shipments in the sample	For all shipments in the sample	For the inbound, outbound and all shipments in the sample	For all shipments in the sample	For the inbound, outbound and all shipments in the sample			
×	CAREC region	For all shipments in	the sample						
New	Specific Routes (Origin- Destination)								
	Gaps and limitations		Re	Recommendations					
	Simple averages are used at a data due to lack of data need causes considerable measure TFIs due to (i) the significant of cost of many border crossing types and (ii) the cross-section changes in the size and the co- shipments for individual BCPs	all stages of aggregation ed for using weighted ement errors and fluct differences in the dura procedures for shipme nal differences and the omposition of the sam	on of CPMM In t averages. This we uations in the (e., ation and the usi ents of diverse CA e intertemporal aple of	the absence of sufficie ights, compute and rep g., various categories o ng the TTFIs at promin REC countries and the	ntly comprehensive da port the TTFIs at low le of shipments, BCPs and ent levels of aggregati CAREC region).	ata and proper vels of aggregation d ports) and avoid on (i.e., corridors,			

How are data transformed into indicators?









3	Final Database
	(SAS Software)

	094	Region	Product	Subsidiary	Stores	Sales	Inventory	Retarres
	1	Africa	Boot:	Addis Ababa	12	\$29,701	\$191,821	\$769
	2	Africa	Men's Casual	Addis Ababa	4	\$67,242	\$110,000	\$2,204
	3	Africa	Men's Dress	Addis Ababa	7	\$76,793	\$106,273	52,403
	- 4	Africa	Sandal	Adda Abeba	10	552.819	5204,204	\$1.001
	8	Africa	Sipper	Adds Abeba	14	555.541	\$279,795	\$1,771
	8	Africa	Sport Shoe	Adds Ababa	4	\$1,690	\$16,634	879
	τ	Africa	Women's Casual	Adds Ababa	2	351,541	598,841	3840
	8	Africa	Momen's Dress	Adds Ababa	12	\$108,842	\$311,017	\$3,213
	9	Africa	Boot	Algiers	21	\$21,297	\$73,737	\$710
Global commands 201704*/	10	Africa	Men's Casual	Algiers	4	\$63,206	\$100,892	\$2,221
Data Cleanup 2011 new temp	plat 11	Africa	Men's Dress	Algiers	10	\$121.740	\$428.575	\$3.621
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	va) out rui	ere <u>a gencorrid</u> : distance durat: ; put out = work.s	step01 (where	<pre>dof; , 6) & mode = (_type_</pre>	n in (= 7))	1,2); sum =/ g	utoname	keeple
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Data Collection Form

Please select mode of transport by checking the tick-boxes. Pret "FALSE". Press OK to apply changes.

ROAD RAIL WATER

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	STOP		STOP 2			STOP	3			S	TOP 4				STOP 5			5	TOP 6				STOP	7	
	Name of city:		Kashi		Yierkeshitan					Irkeshtan					Dostyk		Dustlyk					Tashkent			
Place of stop Name of country: PRCX			PRCX					KGZ				KGZ				UZB				UZB					
	CAREC Corridor		1c		1c			1c				1c				1c					1c				
	Mode of transport		Road			Road					Road	Road					Road								
Di	ance from previous stop (km)		4187.52		250			7				283		3					400						
	Duration of travel (hr:min)	46 hrs 2	8 mins		4 hrs 28 mins			hrs 10 mins			5 hrs 50	mins		hrs	\$ 5	mins			8 hrs 36 mins						
	Transport Rate		\$5,713.39			\$340.0	0		\$9.52				\$384.88		\$4.08					\$544.00					
	Stop Category	Ir	termediate S	Stop		BCP			BCP				BCP		BCP					Inland Depot					
	BCP?	No			No				No N			No			Yes				Y	Yes					
	Reason for stop	Ir	termediate S	Stop	l	ntermediate	e Stop			Interme	ediate S	top		Inte	rmediate Sto)		Border	Managen	nent		F	inal Destir	ation	
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Descri	iption of stop			1						10				1 10											<u> </u>
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	Customs Controls	hrs	mins		1 hrs 4	15 mins	\$0.00	\$0.00	1 hrs	35 r	mins \$	0.00	\$0.00	2 hrs 10	mins \$0.	0 \$0.00	1 hrs	\$ 50	mins \$0	0.00 \$	0.00	3 hrs 45) mins	\$330.00	\$330.00
	Commercial Inspection	nrs	mins		hrs	mins			nrs	r	mins			nrs	mins		nrs	\$	mins			nrs	mins		
	Health / Quarantine	hrs	mins		hrs	mins			hrs	r	mins			hrs	mins		hrs	\$	mins			hrs	mins		
	Phytosanitary	nrs	mins		nrs	mins			nrs	r	mins			nrs	mins		nrs	\$	mins			nrs	mins		
	Veterinary Inspection	hrs	mins		hrs	mins			hrs	r	mins			hrs	mins		hrs	3	mins			hrs	mins		
	Visa / Immigration	hrs	mins		hrs 1	0 mins	\$0.00	\$0.00	hrs	10 r	mins 3	0.00	\$0.00	hrs 10	mins \$0.	0 \$0.00	hrs	\$ 10	mins \$0	00 \$	0.00	hrs	mins		j
	Transit Conformity	nrs	mins		nrs	mins			nrs	r	mins			nrs	mins		nrs	\$	mins			nrs	mins		
	GAVIraffic Inspection	hrs	mins		hrs	mins			hrs	r	mins			hrs	mins		hrs	\$	mins			hrs	mins		
	Police Checkpoint / Stop	nrs	mins		nrs	mins			nrs	r	mins			nrs	mins		nrs	\$	mins			nrs	mins		
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	Loading / Unloading	nrs	mins		nrs	mins			nrs	г	mins			nrs	mins		nrs	\$	mins			nrs	mins		
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CPMM Indicators



*These are computed from TCDs submitted by CPMM partners

Indicators: Performance of BCPs and ports

Gaps and Limitations	Current Indicators	Proposed Indicators							
Coverage of a wide range of operation activities in a single indicator limits identification of the nature of delay and cost drivers at the borders.	TFI1: Time taken to clear a BCP. This TFI refers to the average length of time (in hours) taken to move cargo across a border from the entry to exit point of a BCP.	TTFI1: TTFI3: TTFI5:	Waiting time to enter a BCP/port (in hours). Duration of border controls (in hours). Duration of operational transport activities (in hours).						
Waiting time persist to be the primary contributor of delay which warrants a dedicated indicator which could reveal the border traffic management at the BCPs.	TFI2: Cost incurred at a BCP. This is the average total cost, in United States	TTFI2: US\$).	Payments related to waitir	ng in queue to enter a BCP/port (in					
	dollars, of moving cargo across a border. Both official and unofficial payments are included.	TTFI2a: Of waiting in (in US\$).	ficial payments related to queue to enter a BCP/port	t related to waiting in queue to enter a BCP/port (in US\$). Refers to unofficial payments for shortening the waiting time to enter a BCP.					
The indicators do not differentiate shipments		TTFI4:	Payments related to borde	er controls (in US\$).					
assigned to different channels under risk management in border controls.		TTFI4a: Of border cor	ficial payments related to ntrols (in US\$).	TTFI4b:Unofficial paymentsfor border controls (in US\$).					
		TTFI6:	Payments related to opera	rational transport activities (in US\$).					
		TTFI6a: related to activities (Official payments operational transport in US\$).	TTFI6b: Unofficial payments related to operational transport activities (in US\$).					

Indicators: Performance of corridor sections

Gaps and Limitations	Current Indicators	Proposed Indicators						
Transport rates comprise most of the indicators, limiting analysis of performance of corridor sections. They also vary considerably across corridor sections and fluctuate over time for reasons unrelated to corridor performance.	TFI3: Cost incurred to travel a corridor section. This comprises average total costs, in United States dollars, incurred for one unit of cargo traveling along a corridor section. One unit of cargo refers to 20 tons. A corridor section is defined as a stretch of road or railway that is 500 kilometers (km) long.	 TTFI11: Payments related to checks and controls at intermediate stops (in US\$ per 100 km). 						
	Both official and unofficial payments are included. The official payments include the transport rates (for shipments by road) or the railway tariffs (for shipments by rail).	TTFI11a: Official payments related to checks and controls at intermediate stops (in US\$ per 100 km).TTFI11b: Unofficial payments related to checks and controls at intermediate stops (in US\$ per 100 km).						
1FI3 is also normalized by 20 tons when cost of transporting cargo does not in general increase proportionally with its weight.	TFI4: Speed to travel along CAREC corridors. This is the average speed, in kilometers per hour (km/h), at which a unit of cargo travels along a corridor section.	TTFI12:Speed with intermediate stops (in km/hour).TTFI8:Number of stops for emergency repair (per 100 km).TTFI9: (per 100 km).Number of intermediate stops for checks and controls (per 100 km).TTFI10:Duration of intermediate stops for checks and controls (in hours per 100 km).						
	Speed without delay (SWOD). This is the ratio of the distance traveled to the time spent by a vehicle in motion between origin and destination (actual traveling time).	TTFI7: Speed without delays (in km/hour).						

Changes in Data Collection Forms

Guide Questions

- 1. What indicators are useful for your associations? What indicators are not useful?
- 2. Have you used CPMM data or findings? If so, how?
- 3. If not, what could CPMM provide to be useful to CPMM associations and to policy formulation.
- 4. Is publication of informal payments necessary?

Thank you!

